The International Climate Initiative (IKI)

Climate Finance Forum

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Political Context

- **2007 - COP13**: Bali Action Plan ("enhanced action on the provision of financial resources and investments")

- **2011 - COP17**: Cancun Agreement, incl. Joint mobilisation of US$ 100 billion annually from 2020

- **2012 - COP18**: NAMA Facility; "initial funding" of DECC and BMUB to implement NAMAs

- **2014 -** Initial capitalization of the Green Climate Fund (GCF) with US$ 9.3 billion

- **2015 - COP21**:  
  - Combination of 2°C and 1.5°C target as well "net zero emissions“ **clear signal for decarbonisation** (PA Art. 4.1)  
  - Extending US$ 100 billion target through 2025 and "making finance flows consistent" with climate ambition **requires shifting the trillions** (PA Art. 2 c)
Germany’s International Climate Finance 2005-2013 (in EUR millions)*

* Calculations based on disbursements for the Energy and Climate Fund (EKF) and multilateral projects; all bilateral projects calculated according to budgetary commitments.

Source: BMUB / BMZ
Project Activities within the Thematic Focus Areas 2008 - 2015 (BMUB commitments including multilateral funds)
Level of IKI support according to region (2008-2016)*

- Global: 700€
- Europe, Caucasus, Central Asia, Turkey: 170€
- MENA (Middle East and North Africa): 74€
- Central and South America, Caribbean: 284€
- Sub-Saharan Africa: 153€
- South and South-East Asia, Pacific: 346€

*Doha counting method, in € million
As of: Mrz. 2016
IKI’s two-fold strategy

Combines concrete on-the-ground activities with `conceptual work´

applies `acting and negotiating´ approach

Aims to generate momentum for negotiations on UNFCCC and CBD
Aim: to support partner countries in preparing and conducting actions that make a significant contribution to the prevention of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. Assistance is provided to partner countries to enable them to:

- Implement mitigation targets of the Paris Agreement (NDCs)
- Implement emissions reductions taking effect before 2020 (e.g. NAMAs)
- Develop cross-sectoral, long-term mitigation strategies (e.g. LCDSs)
- Continue capacity development in connection with MRV
Contribution to policy regimes – example (I)NDC support

- **Support for INDC preparation in advance to COP 21**
  - Bilateral support to 34 partner countries
  - Process guidance and peer-to-peer learning in multilateral fora

- **Implementing the PA: Support for NDC implementation**
  - 2016 IKI NDC Support Cluster initiated, consisting of six multi-country IKI projects that will work in approx. 26 countries on NDC support

- **Beyond IKI – joining development and environment forces through an NDC Partnership**
  - Joint initiative of BMUB, BMZ and WRI to foster focus and coordination of NDC projects, improve access to finance, maximize synergies and increase the effectiveness of the support provided.
Creation of a comprehensive framework for NAMAs and MRV in Viet Nam

- Capacity building to enable Viet Nam to develop/implement NAMAs
- Development of a *Low Carbon Bus NAMA* proposal incl. an MRV concept
- Support for the establishment of a national MRV-system
- Strengthening the capacities of the Vietnamese delegation in the context of the UN climate negotiations

**Target group:** MONRE incl. subordinated entities; relevant line ministries

**Implementing Organization:** GIZ

**BMUB Funding Volume:** € 4 m

**Project Duration:** 2014 – 2018

**Partner Countries:** Viet Nam
Mitigation - NAMA Facility Developments

2012 - Launch

- NAMA Facility initiated by BMUB and DECC (UK)

Mexico

2013 – 1st Call (€ 70 m)

- Selection of 4 NAMA Support Projects (NSP) & start of Mexican pilot

Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Indonesia

2014 – 2nd Call (€ 50 m)

- Selection of 4 NSPs

Burkina Faso, Peru, Tajikistan, Thailand

2015 – 3rd Call (€ 66.9 m)

- Selection of 3 NSPs
  - New Donors: MCEB/MFA (DK), EU COM

China, Colombia, Guatemala, Kenya, South Africa

See www.nama-facility.org/
how can we design programs which best help developing countries in converting their National Determined Contributions into reality?

„best“ = marginal gains

80,000,000,000,000
100,000,000,000
0,15%

NDCs - stabilize

Champions

300,000,000,000
RE Investment 2015
Thank you for your attention.